







Maternal Penning to Enhance Survival of Caribou within the Klinse-Za Herd

External: Issued April 23, 2017

This external memo is forwarded to report on events and conditions occurring since the caribou cow capture that took place on March 22 and 23, 2017.



Figure 1. Scenes from inside the 2017 Klinse-Za maternity pen: caribou at one of the feeders (left) and the weight station (right).

Days in pen \rightarrow 31

Days to release \rightarrow 90

Summary of significant events since capture

- Although not yet confirmed, evidence would suggest that one of the cows has aborted her pregnancy (sometime prior to April 15th). Stormy conditions (wind and snowfall) made it difficult to track the cow real-time without being too intrusive and since there would be little we could do to avert or direct the situation in any way, we simply monitored as best we could and collected samples when we could.
- There have been no other incidents to report. Cows are feeding well and all seem to be in fair to good condition.



Snow conditions at the pen are very different this year. Snow depths are sufficient that we feel
we need to shovel the perimeter both on the inside (so caribou don't have any chance to jump
out) and on the outside (so predators cannot see, or jump into, the pen). The BC Wildfire
Service (Mackenzie Base) has offered to provide in-kind support (labor) to the shepherds and a
crew has been arranged to shovel snow at the pen this coming week.



Figure 2. Snow at the pen is much deeper than it has been in the previous three years.

Other news

- Our project team met in Vancouver with Environment and Climate Change Canada on April 11th where the team delivered a presentation about the importance of caribou and the maternal pen to West Moberly First Nations and Saulteau First Nations.
- The film about the Klinse-za caribou that was produced by Isabelle Groc, "Their Land: Last of the Caribou Herd" continues to be displayed at a number of film festivals (e.g., Los Angeles, New York, Denver). The film is in competition for the Audience Awards and Isabelle notes that anyone can vote for this film on-line at (<u>https://theaudienceawards.com/vote</u>). You can also view the film there if you have not yet seen it.
- We completed a brochure for the shepherds to handout when they encounter snowmobilers and other recreationists using the road by the pen and the alpine above the pen (see below).





caribou are classified into the ecotypes -Mountain, Northern and Boreal - based pri-marily on behavior and how they use their hab-

The Klinse-Za herd is the Northern ecotype The NinterLa nero is the Northern ecotype because they migrate long distances between seasonal habitats, eat terrestrial lichens, and over-winter at both low- and high-elevations, depending on snow conditions.

itat.

Caribou are an iconic northern species. Both male and female caribou have antiers. Caribou used to be abundant in this region, and are culturally important to indigenous communitiet.



the herd.

The immediate cause of caribou population decline is believed to be excessive predation. As such, a multi-pronged approach that includes maternal penning, local predator control, and habitat restoration has been developed and is being implemented.



maternal pen

Klinse-Za

caribou



*** Please *** respect the calving season

There are 9 caribou cows with their calves currently living in a maternal pen on Mt Bickford. Please refrain from driving and quadding in the alpine (i.e. above 1,400m) to avoid disturbing the animals during this sensitive time.

The essential purpose of a maternal pen is to The essential purpose of a maternal pen is to protect calves from prediators during the vul-nerable neonstal (i.e. Infant) stage. By keep-ing the cows and calves in a pen guarded 24/7, from late March to mid-luty, we are giving those calves a much better chance of surviving to adulthood and continuing to perpetuate the herd.



While in the pen, the caribou are closely monitored for health and behavior. First Na-tions Caribou Keepers from West Moberly and Saulteau First Nations guard the pen from predators, feed the caribou (see Caribou Food) and work to minimize the disturbance from the surrounding area.

These measures have stopped the previous decline in the population and the herd has grown in size to 61 individuals.

Thank you for respecting the caribou

For more information, please contact Wildlife Infometrics at 250-997-5700 or WILD_INFO@wildlifeinfometrics.com

Figure 3. Klinse-za caribou maternal pen brochure for handout to recreationists.



Important dates

- April 28th delivery of final report for the 2016 mat pen results.
- May 10th Fish and Wildlife Compensation Program tour of the mat pen .

Funding update

We now have ~\$ 540,000 confirmed funds (of the \$550,000 necessary) for the 2017 penning year so far – so pretty much there. Welcome to BC Hydro and BC Wildfire Services as new sponsors and a very genuine thanks to all the supporters of the 2017, and previous years, maternity pens.



The teams:

- <u>Nîkanêse Wah tzee Stewardship Society</u>
 - o West Moberly First Nations (Chief Roland Willson/Tamara Dokkie)
 - Saulteau First Nations (Estelle Lavis/Naomi Owens)
- <u>Caribou Mat Pen Working Group¹</u>
 - West Moberly First Nations (George Desjarlais/Jason Lee, alt Jeff Richert)
 - Saulteau First Nations (Naomi Owens/Carmen Marshall)
 - Wildlife Infometrics (Scott McNay/Brian Pate, alt Line Giguere)
- <u>Mat Pen Technical Advisory Team²</u>
 - o Little Smokey penning trial (Kirby Smith)
 - Revelstoke penning trial (Rob Serrouya/Kelsey Furk)
 - o UNBC (Kathy Parker)
 - o FLNRO (Chris Addison/Chis Ritchie/Helen Schwantje)
 - o MOE (Dale Seip)
- <u>Support teams</u> capture specialists, veterinarian team, shepherds, lichen collectors

¹ The Caribou Mat Pen Working Group is a committee appointed by the Nîkanêse Wah tzee Stewardship Society.

² The Mat Pen Technical Advisory Team is an ad hoc committee chosen by the Working Group to obtain technical advice.